Exercise 6

A triangle has vertices (0,0,0), (1,1,1), and (0,-2,3). Find its area.

Solution

Let \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 be the displacement vectors from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1) and (0,-2,3), respectively.

$$\mathbf{r}_1 = (1, 1, 1) - (0, 0, 0) = (1, 1, 1)$$

$$\mathbf{r}_2 = (0, -2, 3) - (0, 0, 0) = (0, -2, 3)$$

Calculate the cross product of \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 .

$$\mathbf{r}_{1} \times \mathbf{r}_{2} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} & \hat{\mathbf{y}} & \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$
$$= (3+2)\hat{\mathbf{x}} - (3-0)\hat{\mathbf{y}} + (-2-0)\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$
$$= 5\hat{\mathbf{x}} - 3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - 2\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$
$$= (5, -3, -2)$$

The area of the parallelogram with sides \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 is given by the magnitude of this cross product.

$$A = \|\mathbf{r}_1 \times \mathbf{r}_2\| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-3)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{38}$$

The area of the triangle is half of this.

$$A_T = \frac{\sqrt{38}}{2}$$